

## Nonlinear integral forms related to jump-type Markov processes

The project falls within the intersection of stochastic processes, partial differential equations, and harmonic analysis: probabilistic methods will be used to solve the Dirichlet problem and to derive Sobolev regularity properties of the solutions. For diffusion processes, connected with differential-type Markov (local) operators, this is now a classical, textbook theory, but it is not so for jump-type Markov processes and their nonlocal generators. In recent years Kassmann, Ros-Oton, Vasquez, and collaborators introduced bilinear (Dirichlet) forms  $\mathcal{E}^D$  of Lévy processes with the domain of integration restricted, to correctly state and solve the Dirichlet problem in spaces akin to  $L^2$  (the set  $D^c \times D^c$  is removed from the domain in integration). In a recent work of Bogdan, Grzywny, Pietruska-Pałuba, and Rutkowski we obtained sharp conditions for the solvability of the Dirichlet problem, in terms of the extension and trace theorems. We also proved the Douglas identity, linking the  $\mathcal{E}^D$ -energy of the solution with certain Sobolev-type energy of the external condition.

In this project, we plan to extend the results to general  $p > 1$ , possibly also to  $p = 1$ . To this goal, we will introduce and analyze nonlinear variants of Dirichlet forms of the process,  $\mathcal{E}_p^D$ , with the same restriction in the integrals domain as in the linear case. These forms will be denoted  $\mathcal{E}_p, \mathcal{E}_p^D$ .

Nonlinear integral forms, without domain restriction, have appeared occasionally in the literature in connection with  $L^p$ -Markov semigroups and their generators. Our research will add to a better understanding of the nonlinear forms related to jump-type Markov processes. We will obtain Douglas identities for the  $\mathcal{E}_p^D$ -energies. As a consequence of this identity we will prove extension and trace theorems for the corresponding Sobolev spaces, with  $p > 2$  and geometrically regular sets  $D$ . We will use them to solve nonlocal, nonlinear Dirichlet problems similar to the porous medium equation.

We also plan to obtain optimal Hardy inequalities for the  $\mathcal{E}_p^D$ -energies, and to prove  $\mathcal{E}_p^D$ -variants of Hardy-Stein identities and Littlewood-Paley-Stein theory for Markovian semigroups and martingales.